

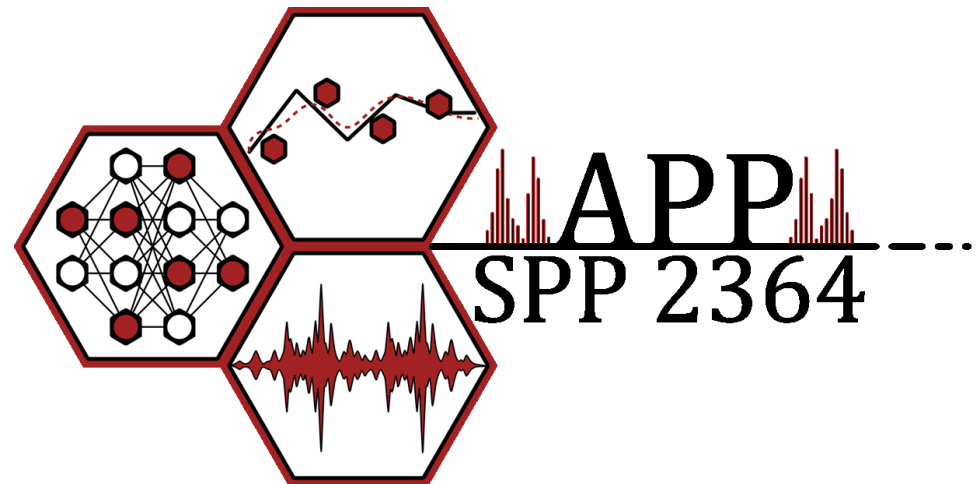
# Autonomous Processes in Particle Technology

## Autonome Prozesse in der Partikeltechnik

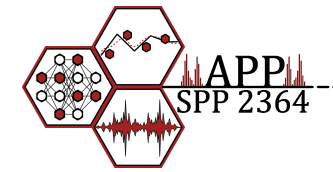
Erforschung und Erprobung von Konzepten zur modellbasierten Führung partikeltechnischer Prozesse

Institute for Mechanical Process Engineering and Mechanics  
Research Group: Process Machines

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hermann Nirschl



# General Approach

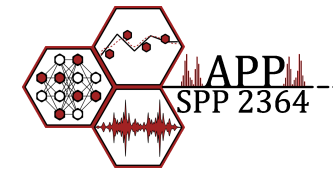


- Simultaneous insurance of **high product quality** with optimal **raw material and energy utilization** is only possible with an extensive and long-lasting experience
- Complex particulate products with **distributed properties** still prevent intensive automation and autonomous process control
- Important developments in the fields of **modeling, measurement technology, computing**, storage technology and data communication in recent years

**Goal: research and implementation of methods for autonomous process control in particle technology**

- Coupling of **material and data streams** of the respective basic operations with characterization technologies, process dynamics and control to form a closed loop for an autonomous process
- First phase: **single unit operations**, second phase: entire **process chains** (do not take this so serious!)

# Specific goals



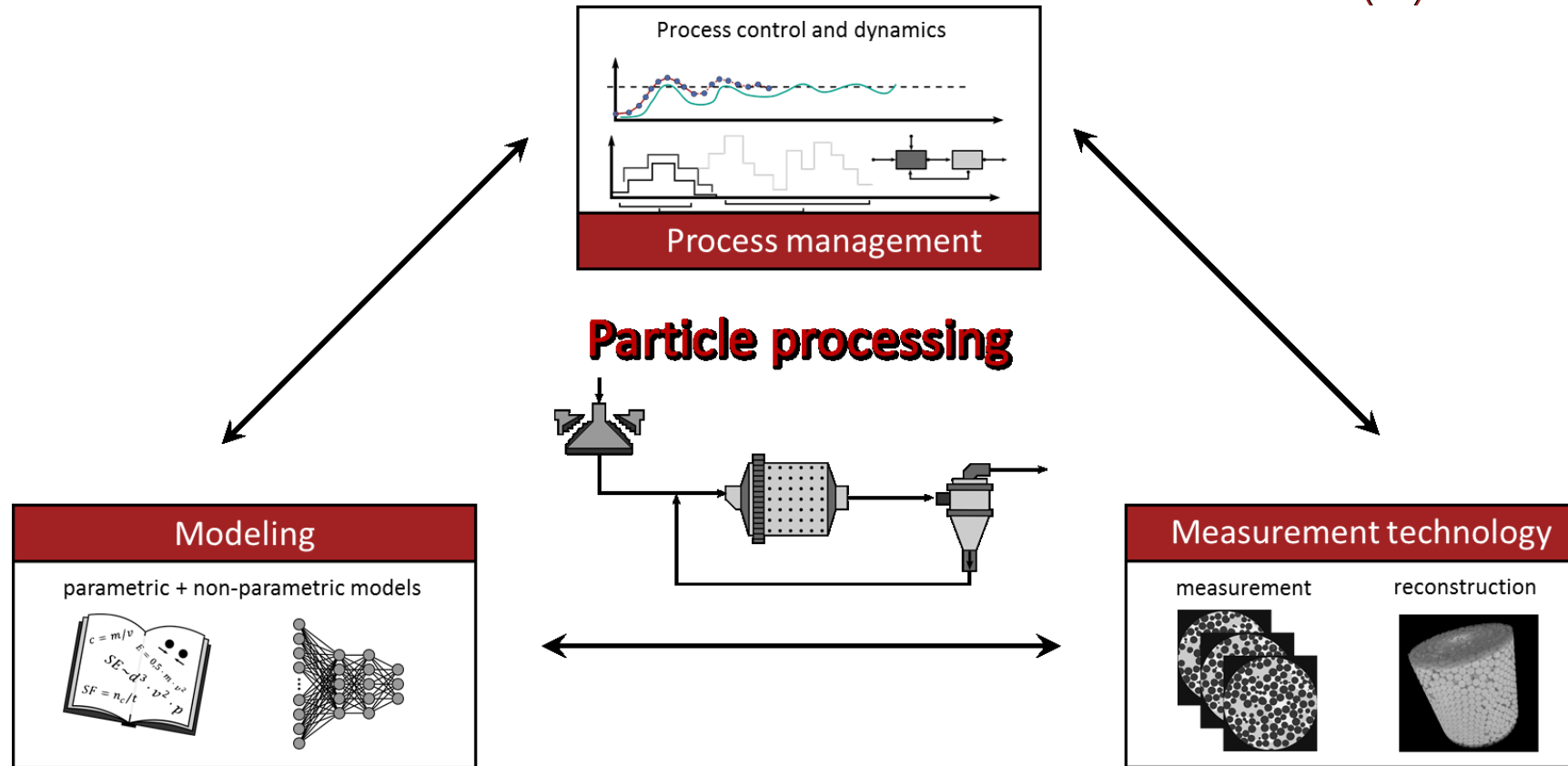
## Thematic goals

- Research on the **process dynamics** of single process steps and process chains with recirculation of material and energy
- **Optimization** of different target functions according to the distributed properties of particles or product and the resource efficiency
- Investigations on the **stability** of the process chain under the influence of **uncertainties, perturbations and constraints**
- Validation of parametric and/or non-parametric models for process control and the involvement of **product properties**

## Methodical goals:

- Development of methods for the **autonomous control** of processes in particle technology
- Implementation of methods for **in-situ particle/product characterization** with accessible measurement information
- **Interconnection** of the material and data streams of the process models, the characterization methods and process control for autonomous processing

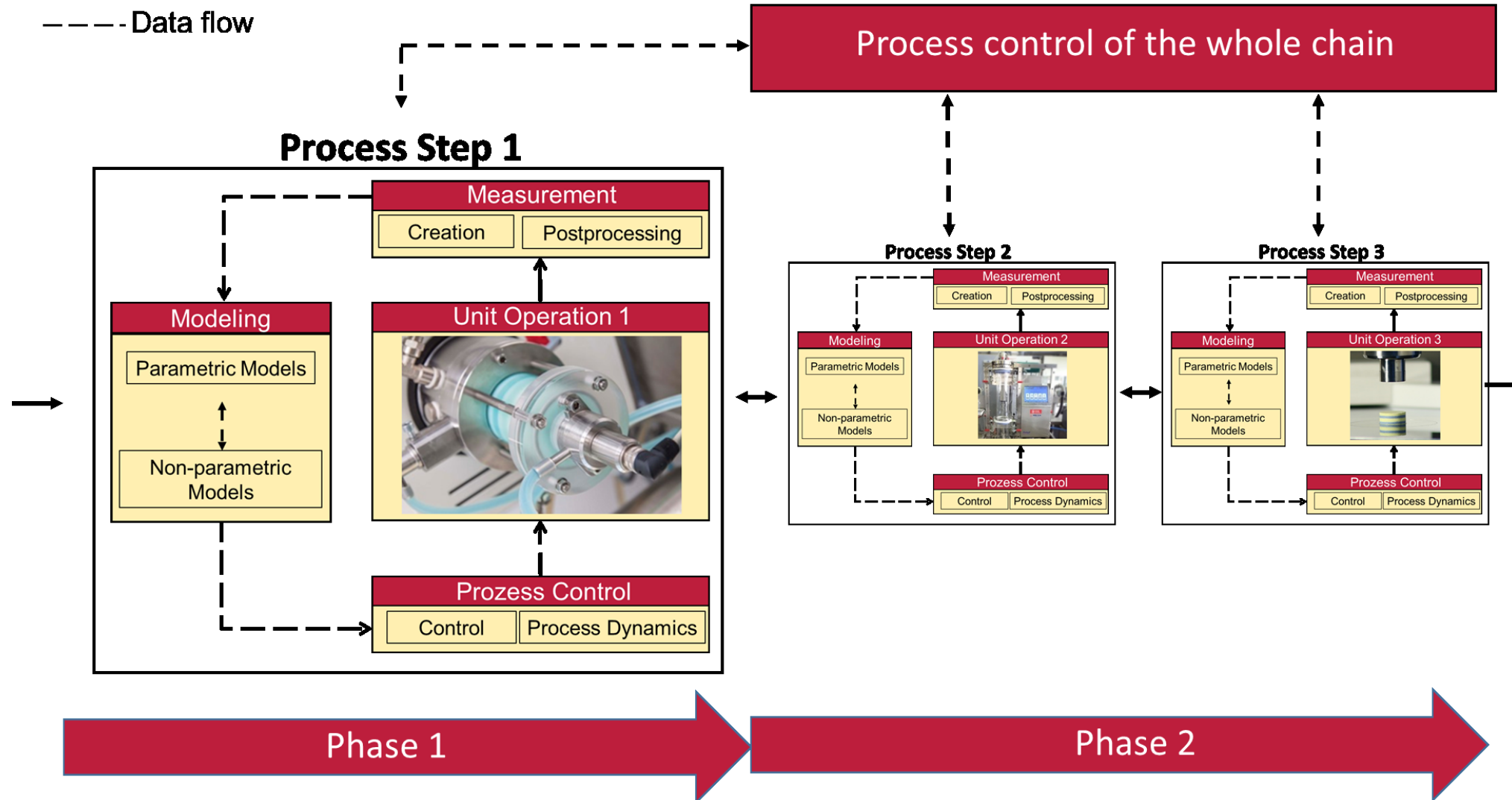
# General Approach



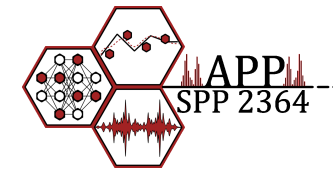
**Coupling of the material and data streams of the respective basic operations with measurement technology, process dynamics and model based control to form a closed loop for an autonomous process**

# General Approach

—— Material flow  
 - - - Data flow



# Specific topics



## Development of models for process control

- **Dynamic** particle models for the calculation of particle/product properties
- At least one **real-time** behaviour should be included
- Based on
  - Parametric approaches (white box): empirical, simulation, physical based...
  - **Non-parametric approaches (black box)**: multivariate data analysis, neuronal networks, decision trees...
  - **Parametric + non parametric approaches (grey box)**: parallel, serial

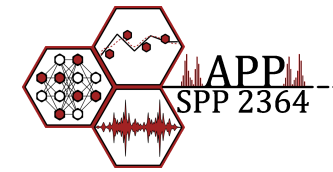
## Methods for in-situ particle/product characterization

- **In-situ devices**: directly in the process: light scattering, UV-Vis, low frequency NMR...
- **hybrid sensors** (inaccurate in-situ – exact ex-situ)
- Relation between **particle** (or measurable properties) and **product behaviour** by model approaches (soft sensors); models which allow the handling of **measurement errors, uncertainties, fault conditions....**

## Development of concepts of model based control of processes in particle technology

- For single but at the end **interconnected unit-operations**, process chains
- **Robust algorithms** f.e. according to uncertainties of some parameters in dynamic processes
- Optimization of **quality criterias** (particle sizes, fractal dimensions, particle colors, electrochemical efficiencies...) and **constraints** (energy and raw material efficiency...)
- Development of concepts for process control with **different time scales** within a process chain
- Development of **robust concepts** for start-up and shut down, disturbances, uncertainties...
- Concepts for **non-linear, optimizing, robust control** should be employed...
- very often: **no big data**, ‚small data‘ with big errors!

# General Approach



## Subject for the investigations:

- particles in gases or liquids
- fluid (bubbles, drops) or biological particles

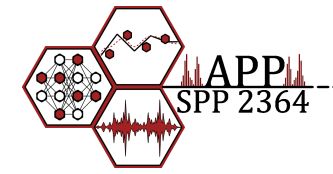
## Processes:

typical unit-operations from particle technology:

- **Particle synthesis:** in gas or liquid phase, cristallisation, precipitation...
- **Particle handling:** crushing, agglomeration, separation, coating...
- **Formulation:** extrusion, coating, drying, fluidized beds...
- ...
- **Batch** as well as **continuous processes**
- **No** development of new processes, **no** pure theoretical projects (closed loop!), focus can be on own of the topics **models-measurement-control** (but the loop has to be closed in a real process)



# Supplement



**Young researchers** (who write their first proposal):

Workshop for writing a DFG proposal via MStTeams at 18.10.2021 (14.00-16.00)

- Please send your interest to [spp2364@mvm.kit.edu](mailto:spp2364@mvm.kit.edu)
- Mrs. Anja Kleefuss / Dr. Simon Jörres from the DFG will be available

**For today:**

- Please switch off your camera and microphone when you are listening
- Switch on your camera, microphone and share your PowerPoint slides when you present your proposal
- Please take care: 3 minutes presentation, 2 minutes discussion!!!
- For tomorrow: use the same MStTeams link than today!!!

**Deadline for proposals: 15.12.2021 (via elan!)**

**DFG**

